## The scattering problem for quantum mechanics II

## Problem:

Determine the cross-section for the scattering of slow particles (low energy) by the following repulsive potential  $V(r) = V_0$  (r < a) V(r) = 0 (r > a)



## Solution:

The cross-section for the scattering of slow particles is given as

$$\sigma = 4\pi a^2 \left(\frac{\tanh ka}{ka} - 1\right)^2$$
  
where  $k = \frac{\sqrt{2\mu V_0}}{b}$ .

If  $V_0 \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $\sigma = 4\pi a^2$ ; that is, it is four times as large as the elastic scattering cross-section for an impenetrable sphere in classical case.